



# Collaborative Framework in Youth Protection Online

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## DRAFT 1

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# Questions for this panel

## Q1. Who should lead discussions in protecting youth online?

- **Who is/are responsible for protection of children and youth in cyberspace?**
  - Government? Network Providers? Contents Providers?
  - Parents? School?
  - Youth themselves?
  - others

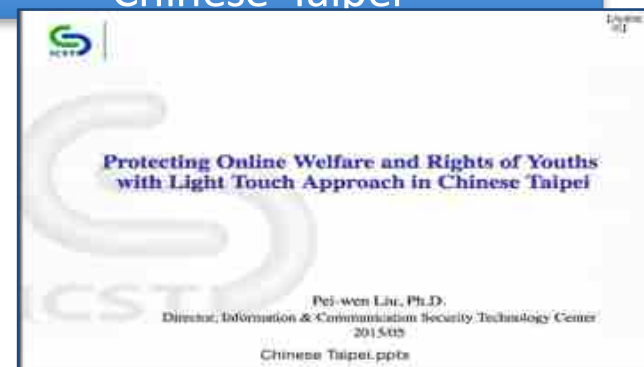
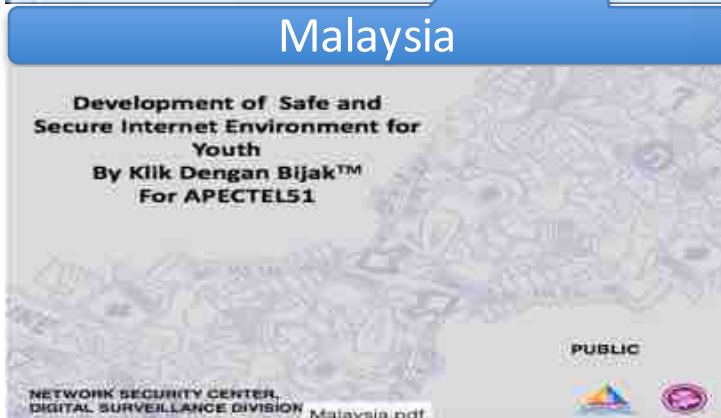
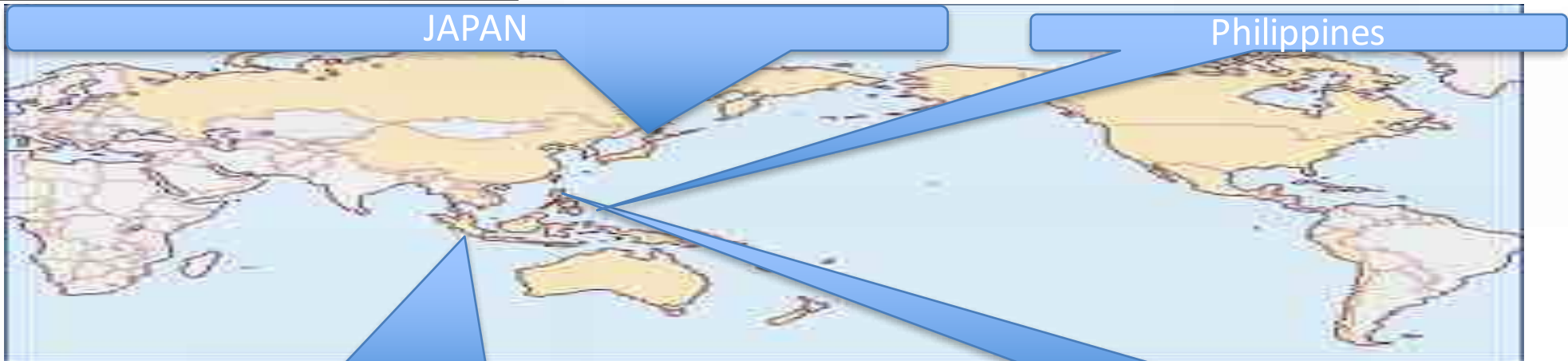
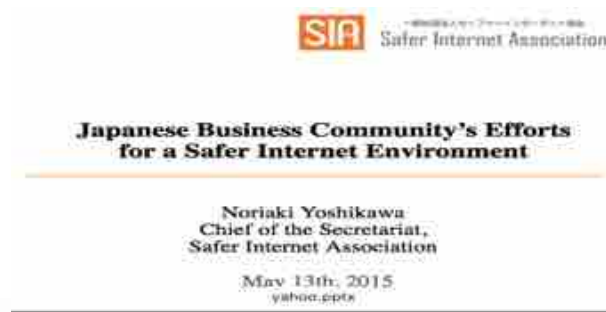
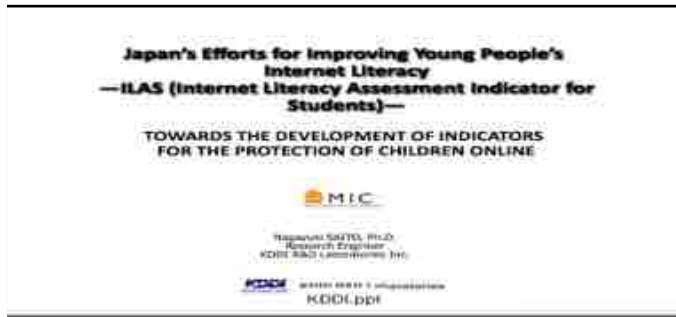
## Q2. Can they do that by themselves?

- **How do you need collaborative frameworks?**
  - malicious trans border data flows (international collaboration)
  - Public/Private initiatives
  - Technology based/Organizational approach
  - others

## Q3. Next Step in your mind?

- **Any Request for other governments/organizations/providers/colleague panelists?**
  - malicious transborder data flows (international collaboration)
  - Expanding to global wide initiatives
  - **others**

# 2. Safe and Secure Environment for Youth



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## Protecting Youth is not simple

- Child Pornography and Child Abuse (top issue in many economies)
- Cyber Bullying and inappropriate messages (big impact on society)
- Personal Information
- Harmful Contents like Sexual Contents, Drug, Violence, Counterfeits and others
- Phishing and Scams
- others

## The Biggest help is Youth themselves

- Awareness and education
- Measurements and Indexes
- Legislations and Promoting Policies to Support Youth to “Find Themselves”

## Non Governmental Collaborations

- Safe Internet Associations (Japan)
- ILAS (Internet Literacy Assessment Indicator for Students)

## Cross-Economy Collaborations

- OECD Recommendation on the Protection of Children Online (February 2012)
- Statistics and Indexing to review and share policy making experiences