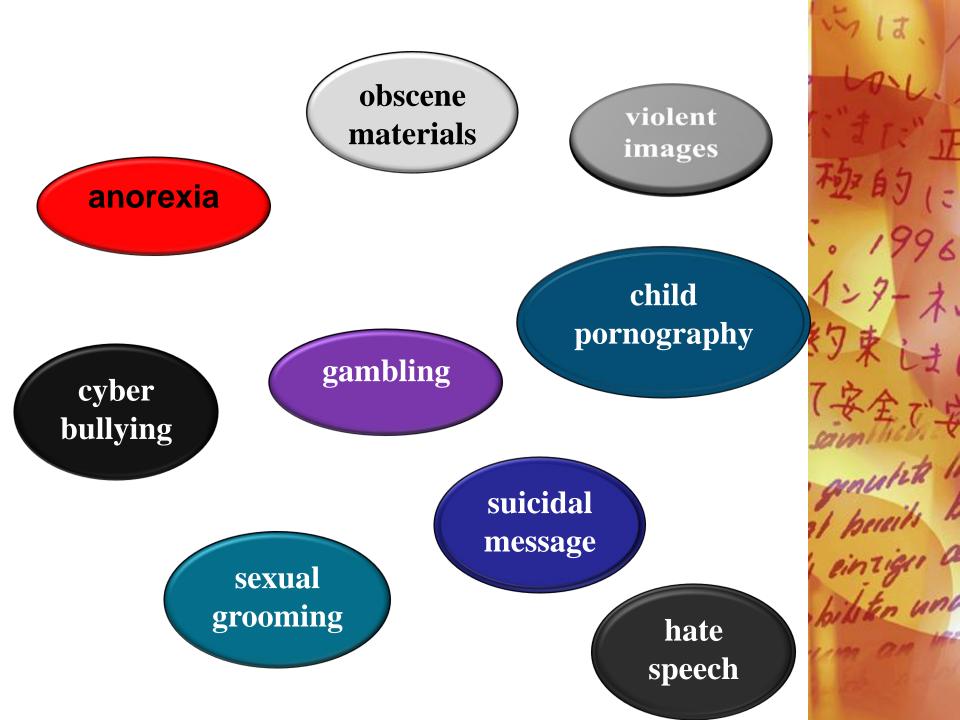
International Efforts on Combating Online Sexual Exploitation of Children

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YET, THE CYBERSPACE IS A VERY DANGEROUS PLACE FOR CHILDREN!



Among them, child sexual exploitation is most formidable!



Two Types of Online Sexual Exploitation of Children

- 1. Child sexual abuse material (CSAM) (child pornography)
- 2. Child grooming

They are often carried out by paedophiles.

It is very difficult for government alone to fight against those pedophilia activities since the internet is transnational, anonymous and interactive!

An online safety network is necessary!

International efforts since the CRC

1996 1st World Congress Against the Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children;

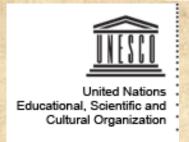
1998 INTERPOL Child Pornography on the Internet Expert Meeting;



World Congress against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children

Stockholm 1996

Yokohama 2001



1999 UNESCO Meeting: Sexual Abuse of Children, Child Pornography and Pedophilia on the Internet; Expert

2001 2nd World Congress Against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children.

International non-governmental organizations [e.g. Inhope (1999), Insafe(2004)]were established to deal with the problem.

2004 Cybercrime Convention, Article 9.

2nd World Congress against Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Children





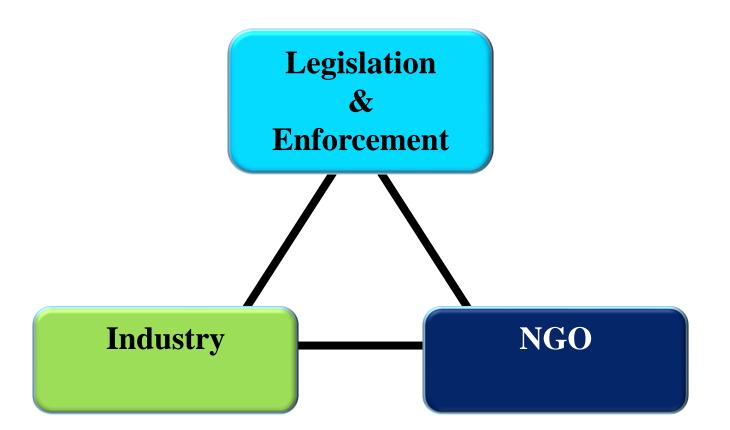
2005 Virtual Global Taskforce (VGT).

2006 Financial Coalition Against Child Pornography Under the 2007 ITU Global Cybersecurity Agenda (GCA), a Child Online Protection Global Initiative was created to deal with matters including child pornography.

2008 3rd World Congress Against Sexual Exploitation of Children and Adolescents.

At the 2009 INTERPOL General Assembly, member countries voted unanimously to adopt a Resolution (AG-2009-RES-05) to limit the online distribution of child sexual abuse images. The Resolution encourages member countries to promote the use of all the technical tools available, including access blocking of websites containing child sexual abuse images.



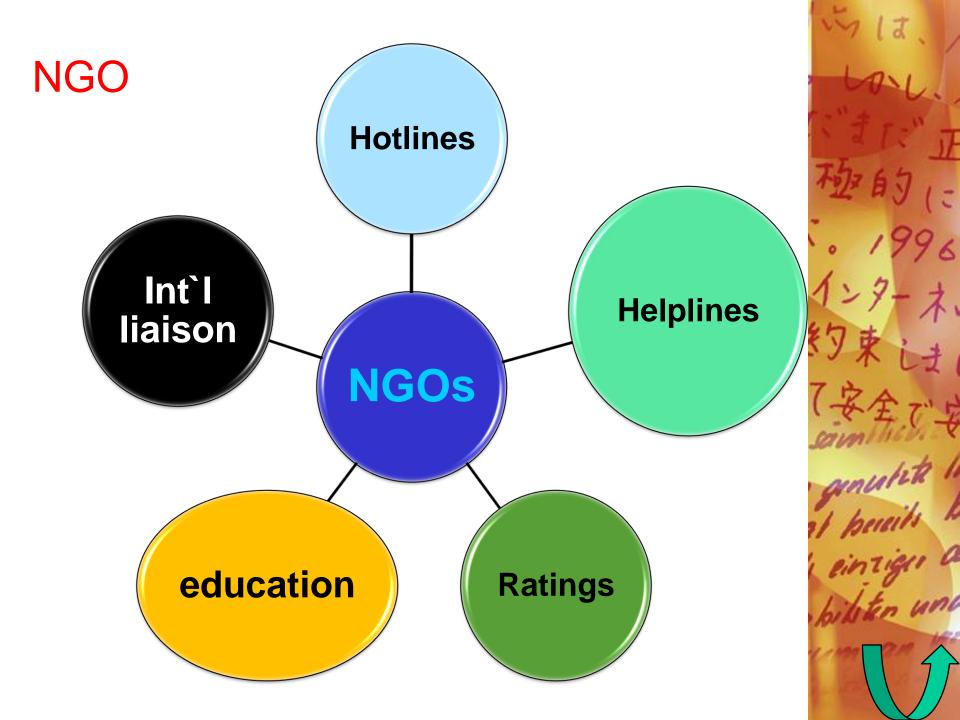


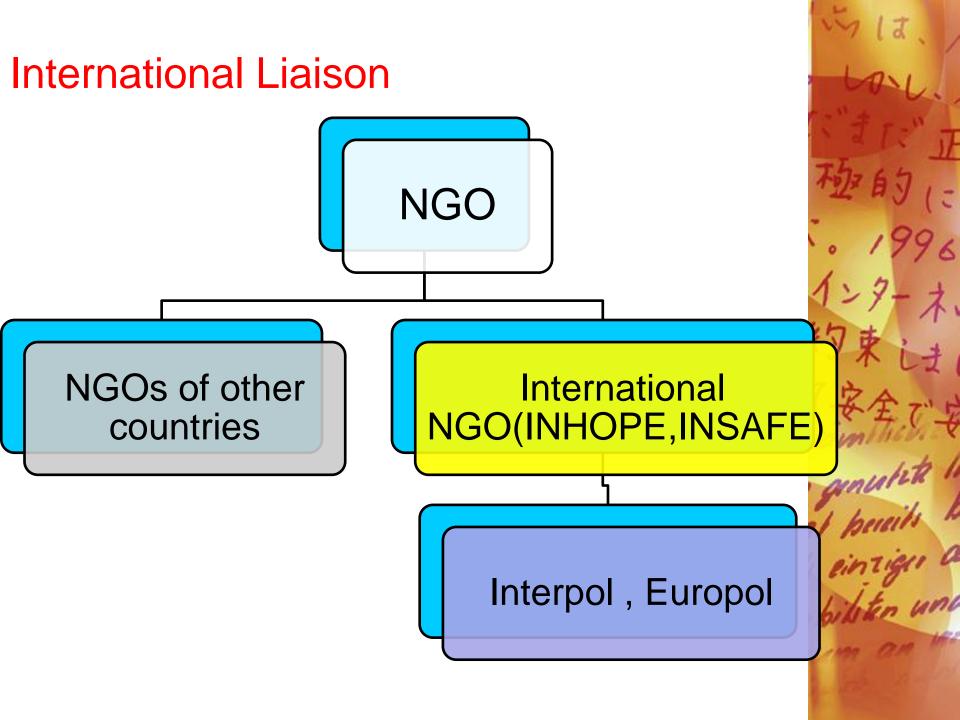
Legislation & Enforcement

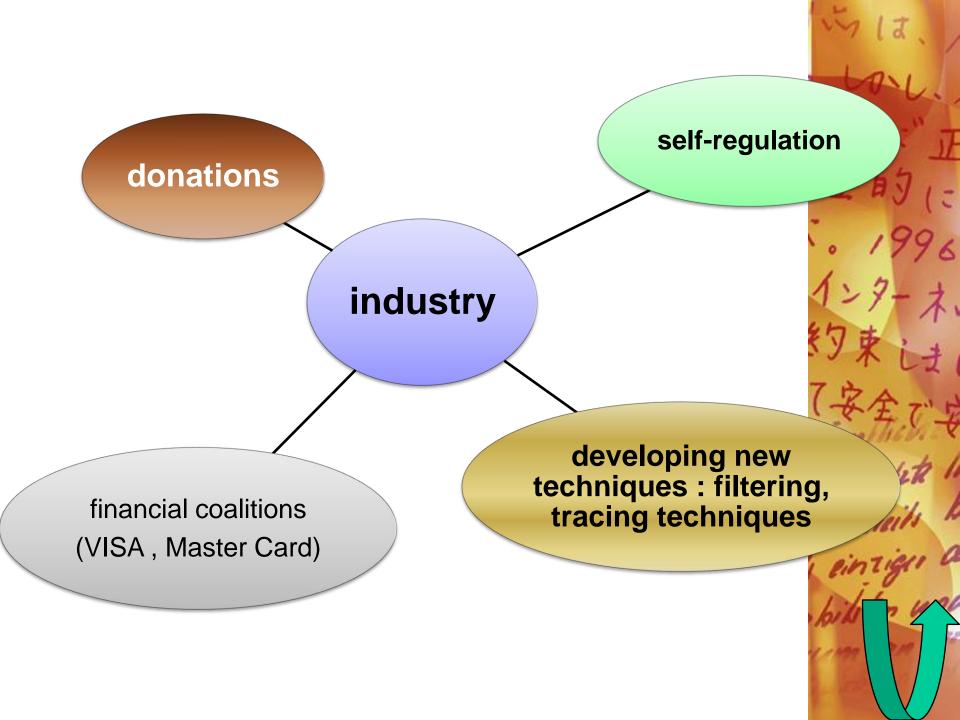
- Both substantive and procedural rules which can cope with the new technologies are needed.
- To date, it has been agreed that the law should punish producing, selling, disseminating and possessing CASM, and grooming for the purpose of sexual contact.



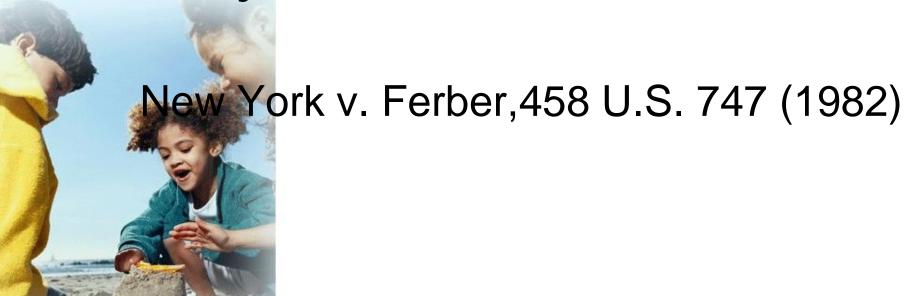
Country	Content	Penalty
USA	United States Code(2008) Knowingly possesses or knowingly accesses with intent to view 1 or more matters/visual depictions	0 - 10 years imprisonment Prior conviction: 10 - 20 years imprisonment
UK	Coroners and Justice Act (2009) It is an offence for a person to be in possession of a prohibited image of children.	on summary conviction ,to imprisonment for a term not exceeding the relevant period or a fine not exceeding the statutory maximum ,or both on conviction on indictment ,to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 3 years or a fine ,or both the relevant period-in relation to England and Wales,12months;in relation to Northern Ireland, 6 months.
JAPAN	Act on Punishment of Activities Relating to Child Prostitution and Child Pornography and the Protection of Children(2014) The offense of possession of child pornography with the intent to fulfill one's own sexual desire	up to 1 year imprisonment or a fine of up to one million yen (about US\$10,000)
Taiwan	Child and Youth Sexual Exploitation Prevention Act(2015) possesses without proper reason	with a fine of NT\$10,000 - NT\$100,000(aboutUS\$310-31,00), and 2-10 hours rehabilitation. second offence :with a fine of NT\$20,000 - NT\$200,000.







 "A democratic society rests, for its continuance, upon the healthy, wellrounded growth young people into full maturity as citizens...."



Thank you!

