Administrative Online Censorship In South Korea

Jiwon Sohn Korea Internet Transparency Reporting

APrIGF 2016

Korean Online Censorship System - KCSC's "Correction Request"

9 members, appointed by President

6 are nominated by the ruling party, 3 by the opposition

► The compliance rate of almost 100%

Reviews approx. 1,500 cases per meeting

Approx. 150,000 takedown decisions in 2015

Standard of Takedown Decision - "Nurturing Sound Communications Ethics"

Not only the 'illegal' contents, but also allegedly 'harmful' contents

- "Using excessive swearing or vulgar language"
- "Violent, cruel, or disgusting content"
- "Incitement of social unrest"
- "Impeding social integration by slandering or ridiculing particular class"
- "Distorting the history against the constitution"
- "Harming the international peace and order or friendly relationship between countries"
- "Glamorizing criminals or crimes"
- "Promoting or justifying superstition or other unscientific way of life"

Risk of Abuse by the Government

- Blocking the twitter account
 - which sounds like an epithet against the then president Lee,
 - ▶ for the reason of "using excessive swearing"
- Deletion of posting that blames the government's incompetence
 - Contained some swearing to the president and high ranking officials
- "Incitement of social unrest"
 - Posts claiming NIS was involved in and responsible for the national tragedy
 - Posts claiming that South Korean government has fabricated incidents of North Korean aggression
 - Posts claiming that the MERS (Middle East Respiratory Syndrome) was staged by the NIS or the Blue House to turn the media attention away from controversies

Article 7 of the National Security Act - 'Praising and Inciting North Korea'

- 'Praising and Inciting North Korea' ?
 - Blocking the websites which deliver or quote North Korean statements or reporting of North Korean news service.
- Blocking Access to 'Northkoreatech.org'
 - Media blog covering the North Korean ICT issues
 - Cited by various media including Wall Street Journal, Reuter, BBC, South Korean press.

Legal Challenges Against the Online Censorship

Filing the lawsuit against the KCSC's inappropriate website blocking

- File sharing site '4shared.com'
- Recent Korean court's ruling that the decision is unlawful
 - It's disproportionate to block the entire website

because some illegal contents were distributed therein.

- FOIA request to the National Election Commission's Online Censorship
 - Discovered that over 17,000 online posts were deleted

in April National Assembly Election only

Disclosing the original order documents and whole content of posts subject to deletion order

Korea Internet Transparency Report

http://transparency.kr